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BRITISH NATION.

Tuelday, November 29. 1709.

Directed my felf in my laft to the moderate Gentlemen of the Church of England, in the Case which now takes up our Debates about Scotland; and all I have to fay, is to beg them to fee with their own Eyes, and not with the Party-Glimmerings of other Mens Light-The Gentlemen on the other hand make loud Clamours, and a great Noise of the Treatment of the Diffenters in the North of Bripleas'd to take Things complexly, and go. back to first Causes - See what Liberty the Presbyterian Church gives there ___ Then fee, who are the Agresfors in the present Debates, and then be pleas'd to judge for your selves - This Matter may very easily

be refer'd to you—And there would foon be a Determination of the Point.

of Scotland, as all the Diffenters in England must do that of England, with small Exceptions, only for Liberty to keep a Meeting House.

All that would take the Oaths, being thus suffer'd to remain in the Churches, it naturally follows, that those who preach in Meeting-houses must be such as would not take the faid Oaths. Now pray, Gentlemen of the Church of England, what do you do with such? Do you suffer them to preach? Is there any Toleration in England to any that refuse the Oaths? -But yet farther, Is there any Toleration to those who refuse to pray for the QUEEN, and openly, tho' equivocally, pray for the Pretender? Pray, Gentlemen, what do you do with such? Have you not taken their Livings from them, depos'd their Bishops and Clergy, turn'd them all out, and given their Livings to others? -Do you suffer any facobite Conventicles among you, undifturb'd? Do you not prcfecute, and according to this modern Dialest, persecute them?

Well, and what do the Stots Presbyterians do with them? How do they use them? Truly, Gentlemen, I'll tell you how—and I entreat you not to take it on my Credit, but make Enquiry into the Fast, whether it be true or no—and let the Enemy confute it if they can— The following Particulars are unquestionably true of them, and I undertake to come up to the Bar of the House of Commons, if call'd, to prove it

to their Faces.

Their Meetings dispers'd over Scotland, are every-where, as they please, open and undisturb'd, and Fisteen of them in particular in the City of Edinburgh.

Their Ministers resule the Oaths, reject the Government, pray not for the QUEEN—And in equivocal Phrases plainly pray for the usurping Pretender.

In feveral of their Meetings, even in Edinburgh, the Common-Prayer is openly read without any Diffurbance.

In some, where they read the Common-Prayer, they have the Assurance to mis the Collect for the QUEEN, because they resule to pray for Her. As to the Church, they neither own her Articles, nor submit to her Ecclesiastick Government, but on all Occasions, even in their Immoralities, decline the Authority of the Church, desie their Laws, appeal from their Jurisdiction, and resulte to appear when cited to Judicatories. By this means all Discipline ceases, Immoralities cannot be censur'd, or Vices punished; dandestine Marriages are daily (and some fatally) officiated in by them, illegal Baptisms administred, and notorious Crimes shelter'd.

Yet under all this, the Church of Scotland, willing to forbear them, and fludying the most moderate Measures let them alone, wink'd at their Diforders, and they enjoy'd all the Liberty they could ask, and indeed more than, would you grant it, they would take: Of which bereafter. But this will not do; they resolve to have this Liberty by Force, in Spight of Law, in the Teeth of the Conflictution, and in Defiance To obtain this, they of the Unionupon all Occasion enter violently into Churches, keep Poffession of Manses, rabble the Ministers sent by the Presbyters, lock up the Church Doors against the lawful Incumbents, and break them open. where lock'd against them ---- When fummon'd to answer, refuse to appear; when serv'd with a Charge of Horning, thut out the Officers, and in thort, offer all Sorts of Injuries to the Persons of the Minifters, and all Sorts of Contempt to the Government, whether Ecclefiastick or Civil -- And if the Church opposes them with the Laws, if the Magistrates proceed according to Law against, and imprison them, then the Out-cry reaches your Ears, and you are told of Persecution.

Now that you may see a little, what Kind of People these are that would be tolerated—and what abundant Reason the Church of Scotland has to be kind to them, and sorbear them, I think, it will not be amis, since ye have great Cries of Hardship and Oppression, to let you into some of the Violences, Disorders, and Insolencies, which these People are guilty of, and

which

which force the Scots, in Defence of their do no other; and if it were Mass, they Laws, Liberty, and of the Government, to fall upon some of them; and tho' this is a Work, I have forborn a great while, and do it now with Reluctance; yet because they fay, some of these have appeal'd to the Parliament, it can no longer be fit to keep it private; and let them bring these Things to Parliament when they pleafe.

In a certain Parish, not many Miles from Aberdeen, a Church being vacant, the Presbytery appoint a Minister to preach there; the Heretor or Lord being Episcopal, and One, who has of late receiv'd a Number of Common Prayer Books from England sent thither Gratis by an eminent dignify'd Clorgy-man, as a Charity, refules to recive the Minister into the Church— This occasion'd long Contention; but when he faw he could not prevent it but by Violence, he lets him come, and commands all his Tenants, over whom he is an absolute Tyrant, not to go to the Church—which the poor subjected People, otherwise delirous of hearing, dare not but comply with, otherwise they will be turn'd out of their Livings and Farms; a' poor Servant Maid desirous to hear the Presbyserian Minister, says to One of her Neighbours-Why will they not let the New Minister come bither, I do not know why be Should not come, I like to bear him very well-Thefe, or Words to this Effect, are all they can charge her with; the Words are reported again to the Lord, and he causes the Wench to be taken up, and put her into a Hole under the Cross, where she had not any Room to fland; but as the fet her Foot upon the Threshold within the Door, and hung by her Hands upon the Door, Knees In Water and Mud; in this Posture the poor Creature was kept 24 Hours, and then at the Intercession of the Neighbours, the was let out - This is one Inflance of a great many in that Place, and yet the Government, either Civil or Ecclenaftick, has enter'd into no Measures with this Gentleman; his Episcopal Minister reigns, he reads the Common-Prayer openly without any Molestation, and the poor People generally go to hear it, because they dare

must do the same.

At another Parish in the Shire of Angu. a Church being likewise vacant, the Heretors or Lords being Episcopal for a long Time, have refus'd to call a Minister, upon which the Presbytery, according to the Laws of the Country, have supply'd the Piace with Ministers to preach, and caused the Tythes to be let a Part to defray the Charge; at last some of the Heretors comply, and sign a Call to a young Man, who the People also declar'd their Liking to --- And upon this the young Man is ordain'd at this Church,

and lettled as their Minister.

The Manse or Parsonage-House is possels'd by an Episcopal Dissenter, and the Church is lock'd up by him, or some of the Heretors, that when the Minister comes to the Parish, when he demands the House, he refules to remove; when he comes to the Church, he finds the Doors lock'd, and a Rabble of Women and poor despicable People, set on Work by their Landlords, throng at the Doors of the Church and Church-yard, to keep him out -Thus now the poor persecuted Episcopal Ministers, ye talk of, deal with the establish'd Church. And when the Government takes Notice of it, this is Persecution——The settled Minister in this Case is fain to lodge at his own Charge in the Town, and the Diffenting Liturgy-man keeps Possession of the Manse; the settled Minister is fain to preach in the Church-yard, and the Diffenting Intruder turns his Parsonage-house into a Church, and preaches within Doors.

But when you come to the poor People, they all run to the Presbyterian Minister, except a few, that being aw'd by their otherwise she must have stood up to her Lords, dare do nothing but as they are order'd by them; and thus the new Minifter has a thousand People to hear him, and

the other about an Hundred.

Really, Gentlemen, if I should enter upon giving you Particulars of this Kind, it would reach to the End of this Volume-It would tire you to hear them; and were you in Scotland to see these Things, you would smile to think how you have been impos'd upon in the Article of Persecution; for really if you please to take it

right, The Dissenters here prosecute the establish'd Church, not the establish'd Church the Dissenters.

I shall give you a few more Instances, before I leave it however, and perhaps you may hear of some more Persecutions in the Church here opposing these Violences; for at this Rate, there is no Church in the

World but must perfecute.

I was once thinking to look back to the Usage, the Episcopal Party here gave the Presbyterians, when the first were reigning, and the last were Dissenters; in order to let the World see, what Kind of People would be tolerated in Scotland, and in order to let you judge, whether the Church of Scotland have not abundant Reason to put Power again into their Hands; but this Story is so black, so full of Cold-Blood Murthers, Barbarities, and dreadful Stories, that I cannot find in my Heart to enter upon it—Only to tell you, that no Age for the last Century or two, can parallel it.

ADVERTISE MENT.

luft Publish'd, HE Monthly Miscellany, or Memoirs for the Curious, for June, 1709, Vol. III. Containing, A Catalogue of Fosfils found in divers Parts of Kent. Hortorum Anglicanorum Delicia. Of American Plants cultivated in our Gardens in England. Papilionaceous or Pea-Bloom Plants. Coniferous and Juliferous Trees. 'An Abridgment of Have de Peregra's History of the Pre-Adamites; with Remarksthereupon. Man a Self-determining Creature. Of Faith and Werk : Of Juffification, Co. Fragments of the Book of Enoch; tranfired from the Latin Version of Kircher's A yotian O'dipus. Printed for James troidmard, in St. Christopher's Church-Yard, Thread needle-Street; and Sold by fobn Marphew, near Stationers- Hall.

Hele are to certifie, That I Mary Ward, Wife of Thos Ward, in Grub-street, London, over against the Black Periwig, had the great Mistortune of having my Face blown up with com-bustible Matter, in fach a deplorable and desperate Manner, that the Anguish there-of caus'd my Head to swell to a prodigious Bigness; and the Violence of the Blaft was so terrible, that it burnt my Eyes, Face, and Head in such miserable Manner, that my Eyes were suppos'd by all that law me, to be entirely extinct, and never to be recover'd; But my Friends hearing of the many Eminent and Wonderful Cures perform'd by Sir WILLIAM READ, Her Majesty's OCULIST, in Durham-Yard, in the Strand, London; We made use of his Advice and Means, which, by GOD's Bleffing, had the good Effect, as to remove all my Agony and Pain in .24 Hours, and in a Fortnight's Time, restor'd me to my perfect Sight, without leaving any Scar or Speck, or the least Sign thereof. As is here attested by me in Justice to Sir WILLIAM READ, and for the publick Service, this 23d of November, 1709. Witness John and Dina Perk, Father and Mother to the said Mary Ward.

** NoIE, Sir WILLIAM READ, by his long Practice, and great Experience, has lately found out a Medicine, that infallibly prevents Cataracts in the Beginning, and preserves the Sight in Old and Young.

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